

A photograph of the United States Capitol building in Washington, D.C., serves as the background for the entire page. The image shows the iconic white dome, the American flag flying from its top, and the surrounding neoclassical architecture of the capitol. In the foreground, there are some green trees and a few people walking on the lawn. The sky is overcast with various shades of grey and blue.

HOW CONGRESS **VOTED**[®]

116TH CONGRESS FINAL REPORT

January 3, 2019 to January 3, 2021

**YOU NEED AN
ORGANIZATION LIKE
NFIB LOOKING OUT
FOR YOU.**

NFIB makes it easy for you to see how Congress voted at NFIB.com/How-Congress-Voted. You can also visit NFIB.com/State-Voting-Records to monitor your state lawmakers.

How Did Lawmakers Treat Small Business?

In keeping with our promise to monitor key small business votes your lawmakers cast, NFIB presents this final report of the 116th Congress. Following a year of elections, this final report cuts through the rhetoric of campaigns and looks at the records: how your U.S. Senators and Representative voted on small business issues during the 116th Congress.

Lawmakers who voted with small business on key issues 70 percent or more of the time during the 116th Congress earned NFIB's Guardian of Small Business Award. Just as important, this report highlights lawmakers who actually voted against small business on key issues a majority of the time.

This NFIB member report should come as no surprise to lawmakers. NFIB asks lawmakers to support the consensus views of our members. We also remind them that their votes are being monitored and will be reported back to NFIB members.

How to Read this Report >>

Names and voting percentages of lawmakers who earned a Guardian Award in the 116th Congress appear in **GREEN**.

Names and voting percentages of lawmakers who did not earn a Guardian Award in the 116th Congress appear in **BLACK**.

Voting percentages of lawmakers for the 116th Congress are in the **GRAY** column.

Voting percentages of lawmakers who also served in the 115th Congress are in the **WHITE** column.

Lawmakers' names appearing in **BOLD** are NFIB members.

YOUR REPRESENTATIVES ON SMALL BUSINESS													
VOTE KEY													
Y	Voted for (Yes)	N	Voted against (No)	D	Did not vote	S	Speaker exercised his/her right to vote	A	At Large	I	Ineligible or unable to vote at this time. Member served a partial term in the 115th Congress or was not present for a significant portion of the term.	M	Member served a partial term in the 115th Congress or was not present for a significant portion of the term.
1	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
2	Riley	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3	Rogers, Mike D.	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
4	Aderholt	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
5	Costello	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
6	Palmer	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
7	Reeves	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
8	Shuster	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
9	Womack	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
10	Young, Don	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
11	Conaway	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
12	Veloz	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
13	Lofgren	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
14	Sperle	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
15	DeSantis	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
16	Costa	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
17	Khanna	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
18	Eshoo	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
19	Adams	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
20	Pearce	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
21	Cox	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
22	Himes	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
23	Malinsky	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
24	Carroll	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
25	Garrison	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
26	Brownley	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
27	Chu	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
28	Schiff	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
29	Gardner	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
30	Shriver	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

The following are descriptions of the ten bills designated as NFIB Key Votes used to compile your U.S. Representative's NFIB Final Voting Record for the 116th Congress. Each description includes NFIB's position on the issue, as well as the NFIB Member Ballot or other research that determined that position.

1. Paycheck Fairness Act (H.R. 7)

NFIB opposed H.R. 7, sponsored by Rep. Rosa DeLauro (CT-3). The bill adds significant recordkeeping burdens to small businesses and increases exposure to frivolous lawsuits. Passed 242-187.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

According to NFIB's 2020 *Small Business Problems and Priorities* survey, "Unreasonable Government Regulations" ranked as the sixth most important problem facing their small business.

2. Strengthening Health Care and Lowering Prescription Drug Costs Act (H.R. 987)

NFIB opposed H.R. 987, sponsored by Rep. Lisa Blunt Rochester (DE-At Large). The bill contains a section eliminating an affordable health insurance option – short-term health insurance plans – for small business owners and employees. Passed 234-183.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 571), 84 percent of NFIB members support allowing the use of tax-preferred dollars (from Health Savings Accounts, Flexible Spending Accounts, and Health Reimbursement Arrangements) to pay for health insurance premiums.

3. Middle Class Health Benefits Tax Repeal Act of 2019 (H.R. 748)

NFIB supported H.R. 748, sponsored by Rep. Joe Courtney (CT-2). The bill repeals the 40 percent excise tax on employer-sponsored health insurance, also known as the "Cadillac tax." Passed 419-6.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

According to NFIB's 2020 *Small Business Problems and Priorities* survey, the "Cost of Health Insurance" ranks as the number one problem for small business owners.

4. Raise the Wage Act (H.R. 582)

NFIB opposed H.R. 582, sponsored by Rep. Bobby Scott (VA-3). The bill dramatically increases the

federal minimum wage to \$15.00 per hour over five years and automatically increases the threshold every subsequent year. Passed 231-199.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 569), 92 percent of NFIB members oppose increasing the federal minimum wage to \$15.00 per hour. An NFIB study estimates the bill would result in more than 1.6 million jobs lost; 900,000 of the job losses (57 percent) would come from small businesses.

5. Corporate Transparency Act of 2019 (H.R. 2513)

NFIB opposed H.R. 2513, sponsored by Rep. Carolyn Maloney (NY-12). The bill requires small businesses with 20 or fewer employees to report annually the personally identifiable information

of business owners to the Department of Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN). This information can be accessed by law enforcement without a subpoena or warrant.

Failure to provide completed and updated reports would be a federal crime with civil penalties up to \$10,000, criminal penalties up to 3 years in prison, or both. Passed 249-173.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 573), 80 percent of NFIB members oppose Congress requiring small business owners to file paperwork with the Department of Treasury each time they form or change ownership of their businesses. An NFIB study estimates new compliance costs of \$5.7 billion over ten years and new paperwork burden of 131.7 million hours over ten years.

6. Protecting the Right to Organize (PRO) Act of 2019 (H.R. 2474)

NFIB opposed H.R. 2474, sponsored by Rep. Bobby Scott (VA-3). The bill dramatically upends long-standing employment law in favor of labor unions at the expense of small businesses and their employees. Passed 224-194.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 576), 70 percent of NFIB members oppose repealing state right-to-work laws.

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 554), 79 percent of NFIB members agree that employers should not be required to recognize unions by way of signed authorization cards.

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 576), 95 percent of NFIB members believe small

businesses should be able to hire independent contractors to perform tasks essential to their business.

7. Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act (H.R. 266)

NFIB supported H.R. 266, sponsored by Rep. Betty McCollum (MN-4). The bill provides much-needed infusion of funding to the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) and the Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) program, vital financial assistance programs created to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. Passed 388-5.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Loans Part 4: Federal Loan Programs*, April 16, 2020, 92 percent of small business owners reported a negative impact on their businesses as a result of the pandemic. Nearly three-quarters (74 percent) of small

business owners applied for PPP forgivable loans and 26 percent of those who had not applied when the first round of funding was exhausted were in the process of applying. Two-fifths (40 percent) of small business owners successfully applied for EIDLs and 9 percent of those who had not yet applied when the Small Business Administration stopped accepting applications were in the process of applying.

8. Paycheck Protection Program Flexibility Act of 2020 (H.R. 7010)

NFIB supported H.R. 7010, sponsored by Rep. Dean Phillips (MN-3). The bill grants small business owners urgently needed flexibility for the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) by extending the forgiveness period and reducing payroll requirement thresholds of the program. Passed 417-1.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Impact on Small Business: Part 3*, April 2, 2020, a majority of small business owners (72 percent) reported difficulty in understanding the forgiveness terms of the PPP. One condition of loan forgiveness is spending the loan in the 8-week forgiveness period that begins when funding is deposited. Nearly half (46 percent) of small business owners reported difficulty in spending the PPP funds in the 8-week forgiveness period.

9. Maloney Amendment to NDAA (H.Res. 1053, the Rule for H.R. 6395)

NFIB opposed H.Res. 1053, the Rule for H.R. 6395, sponsored by Rep. Ed Perlmutter (CO-7). The rule allows consideration of the Maloney Amendment 499, which includes the text of H.R. 2513, the Corporate Transparency Act of 2019.

H.R. 2513 was referred exclusively to the House Committee on Financial Services and is not germane to the Department of Defense nor H.R. 6395. This non-germane amendment would burden small business owners with yet another onerous regulation at a time when Main Street is just trying to survive the COVID-19 pandemic. Passed 224-166.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 576), 92 percent of NFIB members agreed their personal or confidential information should be protected by a judicial subpoena or warrant before law enforcement can access that information.

10. Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (H.R. 133)

NFIB supported H.R. 133, sponsored by Rep. Henry Cuellar (TX-28). The bill helps small businesses weather the continued economic crisis

caused by the COVID-19 pandemic by providing critical funding and fixes to vital small business assistance programs. The legislation allows targeted, secondary Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans; restores the deductibility of PPP loan forgiven expenses; streamlines the PPP loan forgiveness process; and improves interaction between PPP loans and other relief programs, such as EIDL Advance Emergency Grants and the Employee Retention Tax Credit. The bill passed 359-53.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (vol. 577), 80 percent of small business owners want to be able to deduct Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan forgiven expenses as ordinary business expenses. In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Survey (14) – PPP, EIDL, the Economy, and the Vaccine*, from December 15, 2020, there was an urgent need for additional legislation as one-in-four (25 percent) small business owners

reported that they would have to close their doors if poor economic conditions did not improve over the next six months.

YOUR REPRESENTATIVES ON SMALL BUSINESS

VOTE KEY

- Names printed in **green** indicate winners of NFIB's Guardian of Small Business Award. Lawmakers must score 70 percent or above on key small business votes to receive the award.
- Lawmakers' names appearing in **BOLD** are NFIB members.
- The **gray column** indicates voting percentages for members of the 116th Congress.
- The **white column** indicates voting percentages for members of the 115th Congress.

Y Voted for (Yea)

N Voted against (Nay)

? Did not vote

S Speaker exercised discretion not to vote.

AL At Large

N/A Member did not serve in the 115th Congress.

I Ineligible or unable to vote at this time. Member served a partial term in the 116th Congress.

***** Member served a partial term in the 116th Congress or was not present for 70 percent of key votes.

****** Member served a partial term in the 115th Congress.

Vote Number	116th										115th	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%	%
NFIB Position	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%	%

Vote Number	116th										115th	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%	%
NFIB Position	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%	%

NEW JERSEY

1	Norcross	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
2	Van Drew	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	50	N/A
3	Kim	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	N/A
4	Smith, C.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	50	55
5	Gottheimer	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	27
6	Pallone	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
7	Malinowski	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	N/A
8	Sires	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
9	Pascarella	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
10	Payne	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
11	Sherrill	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	N/A
12	Watson Coleman	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0

NEW MEXICO

1	Haaland	Y	Y	?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	33	N/A
2	Torres Small	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	50	N/A
3	Luján, B.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0

NEW YORK

1	Zeldin	N	N	Y	N	?	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100
2	King, P.	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	90
3	Suozzi	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
4	Rice, K.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
5	Meeks	Y	?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	44
6	Meng	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
7	Velázquez	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
8	Jeffries	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
9	Clarke, Y.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
10	Nadler	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
11	Rose	Y	?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	44

NORTH CAROLINA

1	Butterfield	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
2	Holding	N	N	Y	N	N	?	Y	Y	?	Y	100
3	Jones*	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0
3	Murphy*	I	I	I	I	N	N	Y	Y	N	?	100
4	Price, D.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40
5	Foxx	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100
6	Walker	N	N	?	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	?	100
7	Rouzer	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100
8	Hudson	N	N	?	N	N	N	Y	Y	?	Y	100
9	Bishop*	I	I	I	I	?	N	Y	Y	N	N	80

YOUR REPRESENTATIVES ON SMALL BUSINESS

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	116th	115th
	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%	%
NFIB Position												

WASHINGTON

1	DelBene	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
2	Larsen, R.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	9
3	Herrera Beutler	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	90	91
4	Newhouse	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	?	100	100
5	McMorris Rodgers	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	100	91
6	Kilmer	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
7	Jayapal	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
8	Schrirer	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	N/A
9	Smith, Adam	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
10	Heck	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0

WEST VIRGINIA

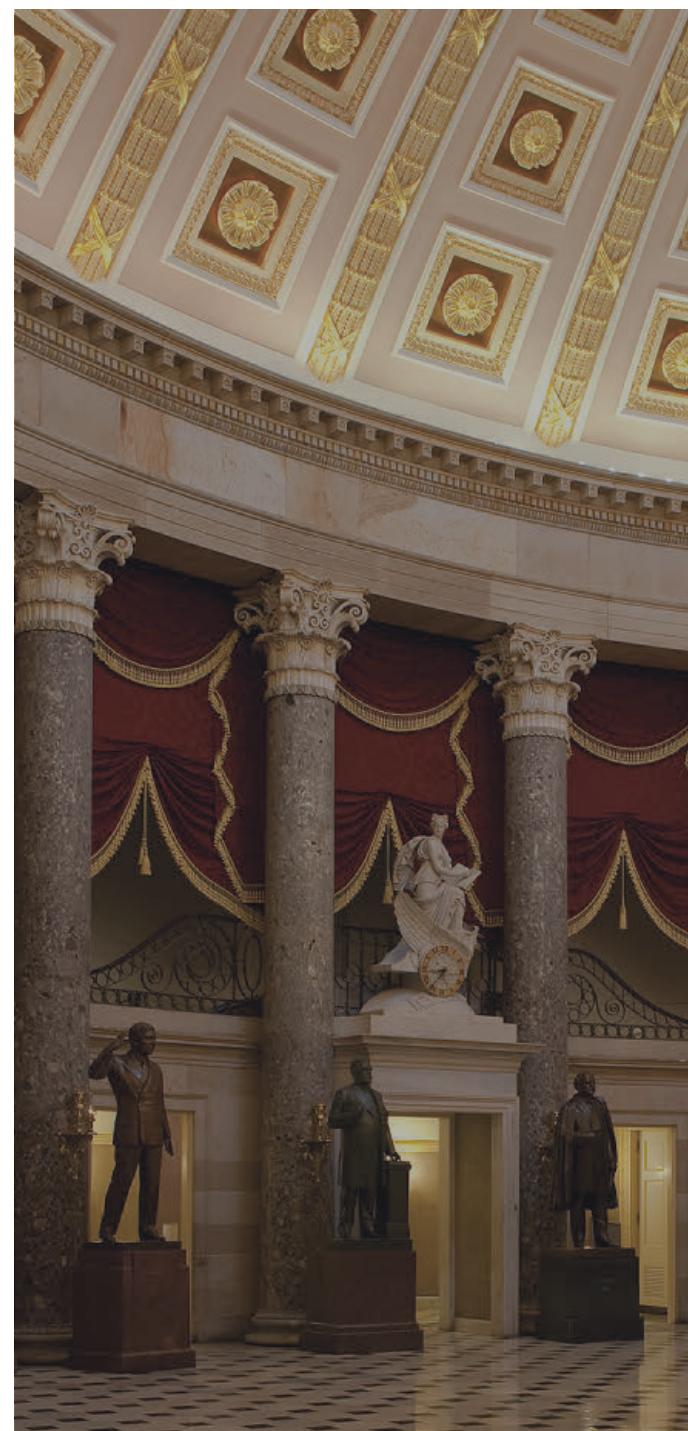
1	McKinley	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
2	Mooney	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	90	100
3	Miller	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	?	Y	100	N/A

WISCONSIN

1	Steil	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	90	N/A
2	Pocan	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40	0
3	Kind	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	30	18
4	Moore	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	?	Y	Y	Y	33	0
5	Sensenbrenner	N	N	Y	N	N	N	?	?	?	N	86	91
6	Grothman	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	90	100
7	Duffy*	N	N	Y	N	I	I	I	I	I	I	100	100
7	Tiffany*	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Y	N	67	N/A
8	Gallagher	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	80	100

WYOMING

AL	Cheney	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	90	100
----	--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	-----



The following are descriptions of the five bills designated as **NFIB Key Votes** used to compile your Senators' NFIB Final Voting Record for the 116th Congress.

1. Murray/ Gillibrand Amendment to the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (S.Amdt. 1559 to H.R. 6201)

NFIB opposed the amendment, sponsored by Sen. Patty Murray (D-WA). The amendment would extend and expand the paid sick and paid family and medical leave mandates on small businesses. Failed 47-51 (Three-fifths of the total Senate (60) is required to pass).

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (Vol. 574), 86 percent of NFIB members oppose requiring small employers to provide paid sick leave.

2. Sasse/Graham/ Cruz/T. Scott/R. Scott Amendment to the CARES Act (S.Amdt. 1577 to H.R. 748)

NFIB supported the amendment, sponsored by Sen. Ben Sasse (R-NE). The amendment would ensure that supplemental unemployment insurance compensation created in the CARES Act would not exceed employer compensation. Failed 48-48 (Three-fifths of the total Senate (60) is required to pass).

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Survey – PPP, EIDL, Economy, UI*, from May 18, 2020, 18 percent of small business owners had an employee decline a job offer because they wanted to stay on UI. Another 6 percent of small business owners increased salaries to

encourage a worker to come back to their job.

3. Delivering Immediate Relief to America's Families, Schools, and Small Businesses Act (S. 178)

NFIB supported S. 178, sponsored by Sen. Marco Rubio (R-FL). The bill provides necessary and targeted financial assistance, as well as important liability protections, to small businesses for the purposes of keeping workers employed and keeping their doors open during the ongoing public health crisis. Failed 52-47 (Three-fifths of the total Senate (60) is required to invoke cloture and advance).

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Survey – PPP,*

EIDL, Re-opening, Economy, from May 18, 2020, 68 percent of small business owners were concerned about increased liability as states re-opened their economies and lifted business restrictions.

4. Continuing the Paycheck Protection Program Act (S.Amdt. 2680)

NFIB supported the amendment, sponsored by Sens. Rubio (R-FL) and Collins (R-ME). The amendment would provide necessary and targeted financial assistance in the form of second PPP loans to small businesses for the purposes of keeping workers employed and keeping their doors open during the ongoing public health crisis. Failed 57-40 (Three-fifths of the total Senate (60 votes) is required pass).

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Survey (12) – PPP, EIDL, the Economy, and Payment Deferrals*, from September 30, 2020, 49 percent of small business owners who received PPP loan and/or an Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) anticipated needing additional financial support in the next 12 months.

5. Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (H.R. 133)

NFIB supported H.R. 133, sponsored by Rep. Henry Cuellar (TX-28). The bill helps small businesses weather the continued economic crisis caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This legislation provides critical funding and fixes to vital small business assistance programs by allowing targeted, secondary Paycheck Protection Program

(PPP) loans; restoring the deductibility of PPP loan forgiven expenses; streamlining the PPP loan forgiveness process; and improving interaction between PPP loans and other relief programs, such as EIDL Advance Emergency Grants and the Employee Retention Tax Credit. The bill passed 92-6.

WHAT MEMBERS SAID

In a Federal Member Ballot (vol. 577), 80 percent of small business owners want to be able to deduct Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan forgiven expenses as ordinary business expenses. In an NFIB survey, *COVID-19 Small Business Survey (14) – PPP, EIDL, the Economy, and the Vaccine*, from December 15, 2020, there was an urgent need for additional legislation as one-in-four (25 percent) small business owners reported that they will have to close their doors if poor economic conditions did not improve over the next six months.

YOUR SENATORS ON SMALL BUSINESS

VOTE KEY

- Names printed in **green** indicate winners of NFIB's Guardian of Small Business Award. Senators must score 70 percent or above on key small business votes to receive the award.
- Senators' names appearing in **BOLD** are NFIB members.
- The **gray column** indicates voting percentages for Senators of the 116th Congress.
- The **white column** indicates voting percentages for Senators of the 115th Congress.

- Y** Voted for (Yea)
N Voted against (Nay)
? Did not vote
AL At Large
N/A Senator did not serve in the 115th Congress.
I Ineligible or unable to vote at this time.

- ^{*} Senator served a partial term in the 116th Congress or was not present for 70 percent of key votes.
[#] Senator was a House member during the 115th Congress; percentage reflects House voting percentage.
^{**} Due to extenuating circumstances, was forced to miss the requisite number of votes.

	1	2	3	4	5	116 th	115 th
Vote Number							
NFIB Position	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%	%

ALABAMA

Shelby	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Jones	Y	N	N	N	Y	40	33

ALASKA

Murkowski	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	83
Sullivan	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

ARIZONA

Sinema	Y	N	N	?	Y	25	40#
McSally	N	Y	Y	N	I	100	100#
Kelly*	I	I	I	I	Y	100	N/A

ARKANSAS

Boozman	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Cotton	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

CALIFORNIA

Feinstein	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Harris, K.	Y	N	?	?	Y	33	0

COLORADO

Bennet	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	14
Gardner	?	N	Y	N	Y	75	100

CONNECTICUT

Blumenthal	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Murphy, C.	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

DELAWARE

Carper	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	14
Coons	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	14

	1	2	3	4	5	116 th	115 th
Vote Number							
NFIB Position	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%	%

FLORIDA

Rubio	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Scott	?	Y	Y	N	N	75	N/A

GEORGIA

Isakson*	I	I	I	I	I	0*	100
Perdue	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Loeffler	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	N/A

HAWAII

Schatz	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Hirono	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

IDAHO

Crapo	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Risch	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

ILLINOIS

Durbin	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Duckworth	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

INDIANA

Young, T.	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Braun	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	N/A

IOWA

Grassley	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Ernst	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

KANSAS

Roberts	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Moran, Jerry	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Marshall*	I	I	I	I	I	0	100#

YOUR SENATORS ON SMALL BUSINESS

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	116th	115th
	NFIB Position	N	Y	Y	N	Y	%

SOUTH DAKOTA

Thune	N	?	Y	N	Y	100	100
Rounds	N	Y	Y	N	?	100	100

TENNESSEE

Alexander	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Blackburn	N	Y	Y	N	N	80	100#

TEXAS

Cornyn	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100
Cruz	N	Y	Y	N	N	80	100

UTAH

Lee, M.	N	?	Y	N	N	75	100
Romney	N	?	Y	N	Y	100	N/A

VERMONT

Leahy	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Sanders	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

VIRGINIA

Warner	Y	N	N	N	Y	40	14
Kaine	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	14

WASHINGTON

Murray	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0
Cantwell	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

WEST VIRGINIA

Manchin	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	40	43
Capito	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

WISCONSIN

Johnson, R.	N	Y	Y	N	N	80	100
Baldwin	Y	N	N	Y	Y	20	0

WYOMING

Enzi	N	Y	Y	N	?	100	100
Barrasso	N	Y	Y	N	Y	100	100

VOTE KEY

Names printed in **green** indicate winners of NFIB's Guardian of Small Business Award. Senators must score 70 percent or above on key small business votes to receive the award.

Senators' names appearing in **BOLD** are NFIB members.

The **gray column** indicates voting percentages for Senators of the 116th Congress.

The **white column** indicates voting percentages for Senators of the 115th Congress.

Y Voted for (Yea)

N Voted against (Nay)

? Did not vote

AL At Large

N/A Senator did not serve in the 115th Congress.

I Ineligible or unable to vote at this time.

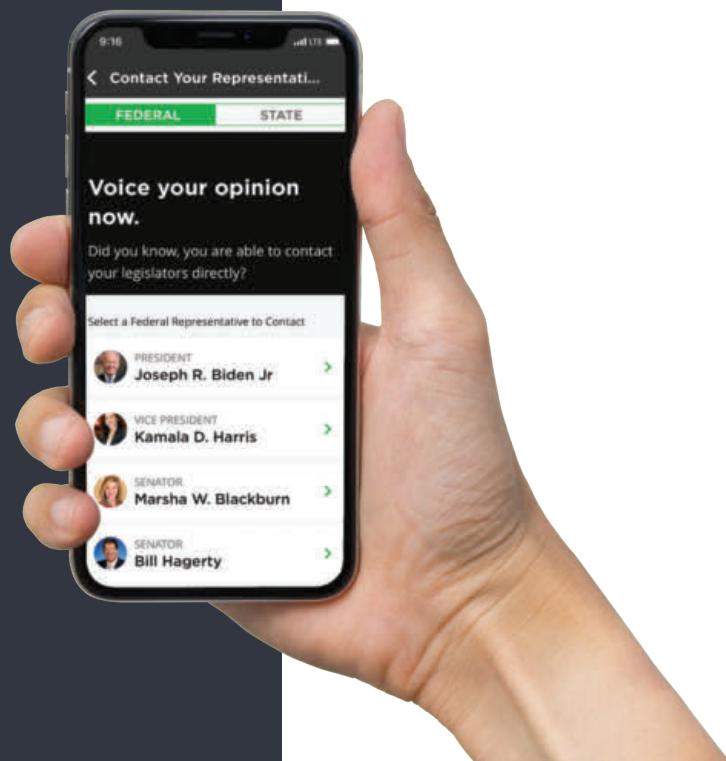
* Senator served a partial term in the 116th Congress or was not present for 70 percent of key votes.

Senator was a House member during the 115th Congress; percentage reflects House voting percentage.

** Due to extenuating circumstances, was forced to miss the requisite number of votes.

Download the **NFIB Engage** app at
NFIB.com/App

Contact elected officials, stay up to date on small business issues, and help guide NFIB's work by voting your state and federal member ballots.



555 12th Street NW, Suite 1001
Washington, DC 20004-1267
Phone 202-554-9000

53 Century Boulevard, Suite 250
Nashville, TN 37214
Phone 615-872-5800



twitter.com/NFIB



facebook.com/NFIB

©2020 National Federation of Independent Business

